

Funded by: EPA Region 9



RCAC is a subcontractor to the Horsley Witten Group, Inc.

What is F.O.G?

Fats
Oils
Grease



About 30% of foods we eat contain F.O.G.

These include:

- meats
- sauces & gravies
- deep-fried dishes
- salad dressings
- mayonnaise
- cookies & pastries
- cheese
- butter
- and many other foods











Restaurants



Saturday morning at the Figueroa residence

Impact on Wastewater Treatment

- Physical impacts
- Biological impacts



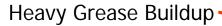
Physical Blockages in collections piping







Medium Grease Buildup

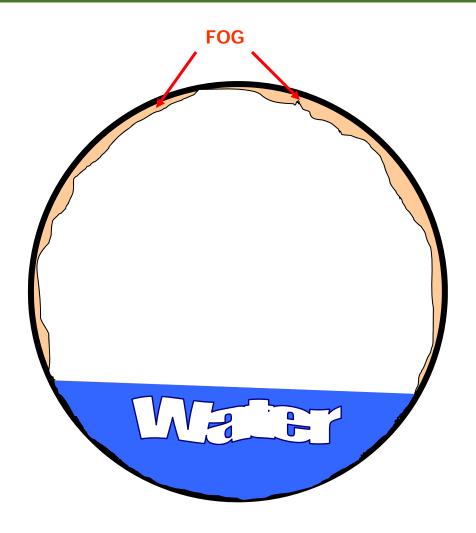




Physical Blockages in collections piping

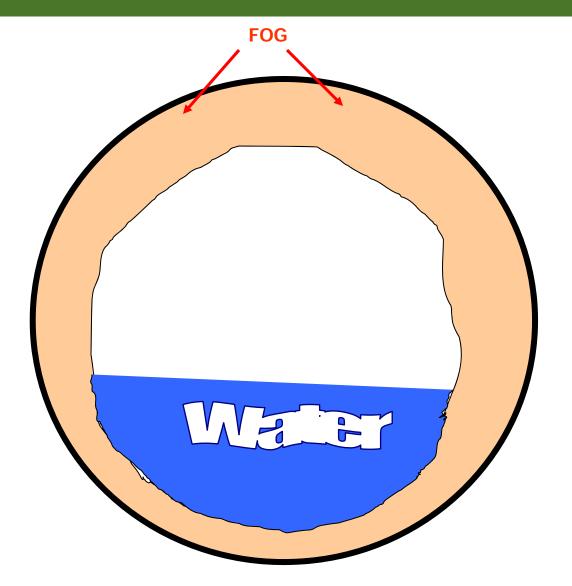
- Pipe volume decreases
- Lift station float controls
- Sanitary sewer overflows (SSO's)





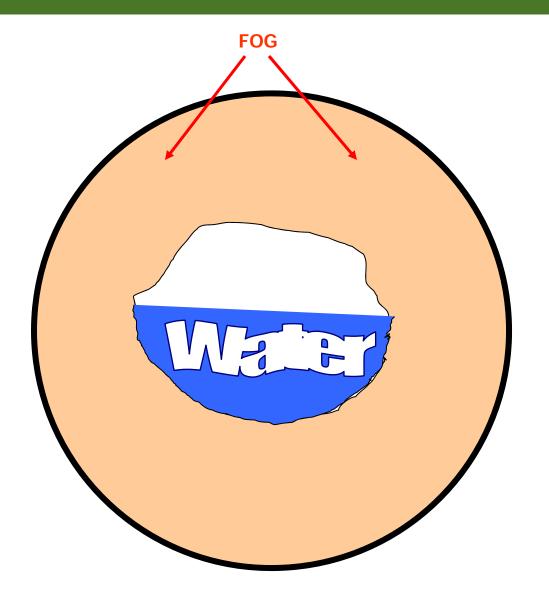
The start of a blocked pipe begins when grease and solids collect on the top and sides of the interior of the pipe.





The buildup increases over time when grease and other debris are washed down the drain.





Eventually the flow is restricted so much that a sewer overflow could result.

If the blockage originated in your business, your business is likely to be the first affected.



FOG Impact on Lift stations





Sewer Spills



Raw sewage can spill into the restaurant, other businesses, homes, parks, beaches, and lakes.









Who pays for a sewer spill?

- The Utility;
- The business or property OWNER;
- The EMPLOYEES (loss of work);
- EVERYONE(increase in sewer bills)



FOG and Biological Treatment

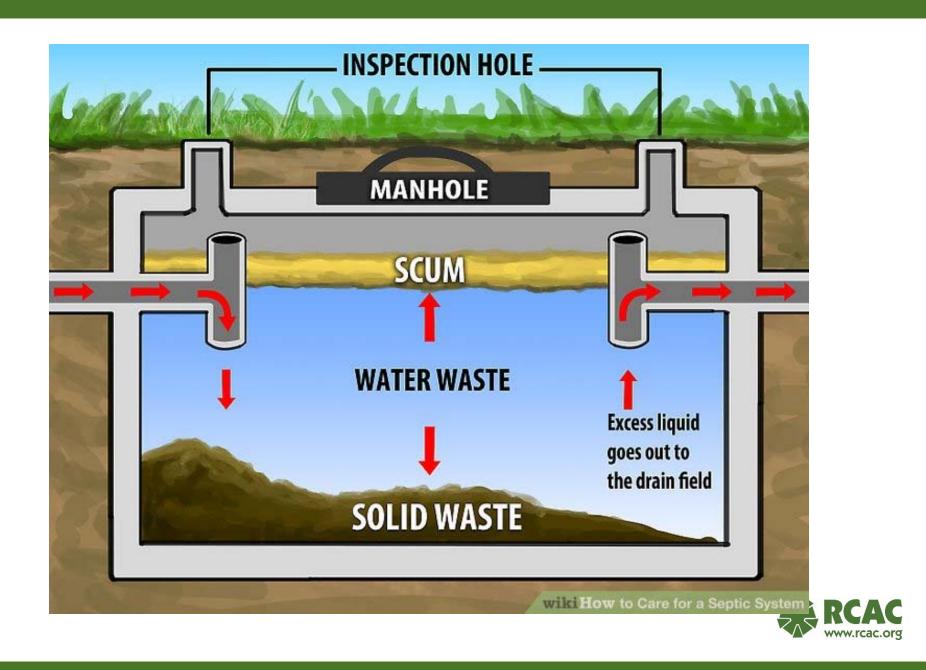
- Onsite
- Centralized
 - Lagoon
 - Activated Sludge



FOG Impact on Septic Systems

- Takes up volume
- More frequent pumping
- Possible leach field clogs













FOG Impacts on Activated Sludge

- Nocardia
 - Foam
 - Filamentous





Activated Sludge

- Foam is safety concern for wastewater plant walkway- slips and falls
- Filament impact solid settling- high solid in effluent



Typical Aeration Basin



Mixed Liquor Suspended Solids

MLSS





Foam





Can spread.....





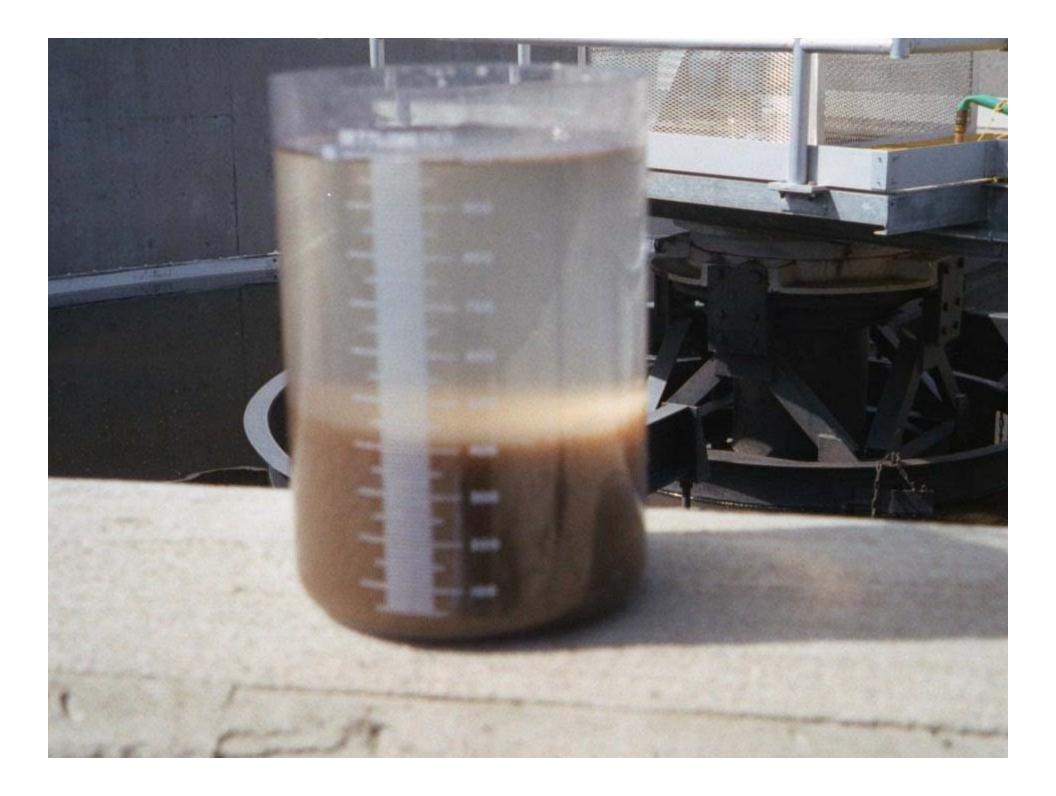
Nocardia

- Hard to remove due to in plant recycle streams – Return activated sludge
- Slows sown settling in secondary clarifiers









Secondary Clarifier Performance









FOG Impact on Lagoons

 Scum build up prevents sun light necessary for photosynthe tic algae



How does FOG enter the sewer?



The most common way FOG enters our sewer system is through kitchen sinks and floor drains due to improper cleaning and rinsing of dishes and pans.

Once in the sewer pipes, FOG builds up and can eventually cause blockage which can lead to raw sewage spills.



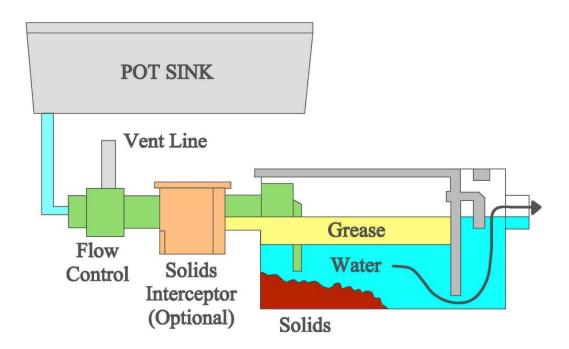
F.O.G. refers to Fats, Oil, and Grease found in most kitchens and Food Service Establishments.





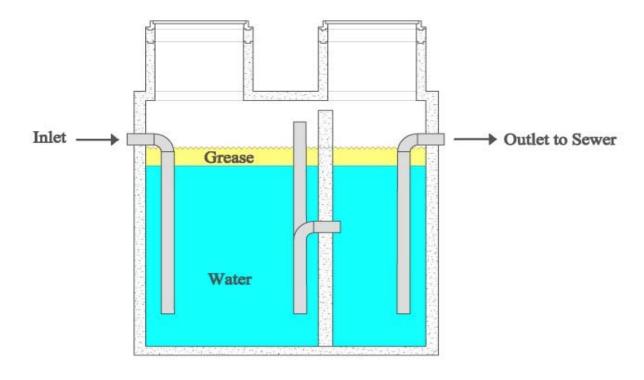


Grease Traps





Grease Interceptors





Without a Fats, Oils and Grease Program

- Septic tanks require more frequent and emergency pumping
- Grease passed through a septic tank can clog the leach field
- Collection lines require more frequent cleaning especially downstream of the restaurants
- Pipe sags and offset joints promote faster grease accumulation in the sewer pipes requiring the need to repair defective pipes



Fats, Oils and Grease Key Program Elements

Purpose: Prevent Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs), control maintenance costs and extend the sewer system's life span

Elements:

- Sewer pipeline cleaning
- Sewer pipeline repairs
- Source control program
- Regulatory program



One System's FOG Education Program

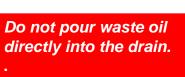
- The following presentation was developed by the North Tahoe Public Utility District for training restaurants in their service area on the effects and prevention techniques for Fats, Oils and Grease discharges from their operation.
- This is presented as a sample of one system's response to a growing wastewater problem.



Do not pour cooking residue directly into drain.

Employee Prevention











Do not wash floor mats where water will run off directly into the storm drain.



Wipe pots, pans, and work areas with disposable towels prior to washing.



Collect waste oil and store for recycling.



Employee Prevention



Dispose of food waste directly into trash.



Clean mats inside over a utility sink.

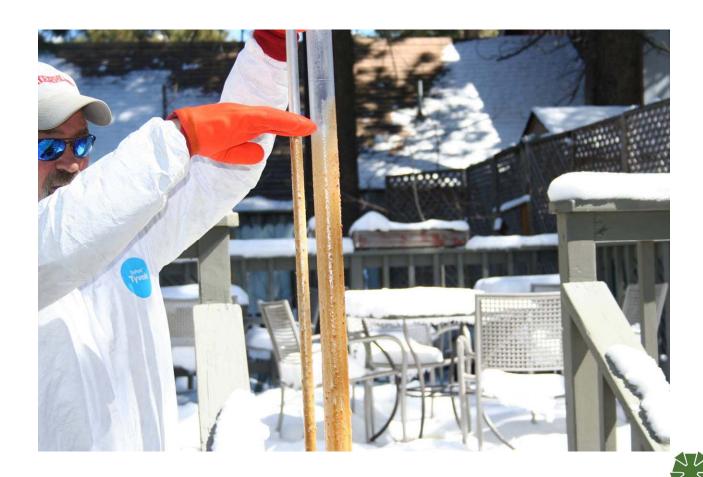


Pretreatment Program

Program were
 FOG generators
 are monitored to
 ensure adequate
 great
 trap/interceptor
 pumping is
 occurring.



Interceptor inspections - Dip Stick Pro



Televising sewer lines









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About 30% of foods we eat contain F.O.G.

FOG enters our sewer system through kitchen sinks and floor drains



Grease buildup in pipes restrict the flow and can cause a sewer spill.

El bloqueo de grasa en tubos se limite el flujo y puede causar derrames de agua sucia.

Spill clean ups are very expensive

Limpiar derrames de agua sucia es muy caro.

With everyone's help, spills can be prevented.

Con la ayuda de todos, derrames purden ser evitados.



Any Questions?



This System's Program included posters

Managing FATS, OIL and GREASE "It's Easier than YOU Think!"

La Forma Incorrecta

RIGHT WAY La Forma Correcta



Do not pour cooking residue directly into the drain.

No vierta residuos de cocinar directamente en el



Do not dispose food waste into the garbage disposal.

No ponga desperdicios de comida en el triturador de comida.



Do not pour waste oil directly into the drain.

No ponga aceite usado directamente en el desagüe



Do not wash floor mats where water will run off directly into the storm drain.

No lava los tapetes de piso en un lugar donde el agua corra hacia el desagüe.



Wipe pots, pans, and work areas prior to washing.

Limpie con una toalla los sartenes, y areas de trabajo antes de lavarlos.



Dispose of food waste directly into trash.

Deseche los desperdicios de comida en el bote de basu-



Collect waste oil and store for recycling.

Junte el aceite usado y guárdelo para que sea



Clean mats inside over a util-

Limpie los tapetes de piso dentro de una tina o frega-

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Provided by North Tahoe Public Utility District. For more information contact us at (530) 546-4212.

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And a tri-fold flyer for residents

Do garbage disposals help?

NO!! Garbage disposals do not simply take the problem away. They only shred solid material into smaller pieces and do not prevent grease from going down the drain.

In fact, District ordinances prohibit the use of garbage disposals or

Do Your Part to Keep Out the Clog!

All households play an important role in preventing neighborhood sewer system blockages. Here's how you can help prevent sewer blockages and overflows.

Five easy steps to fat-free sewer lines:

1. Fats, oils and grease should never be poured down the sink. Sink drains and garbage disposals are not designed to properly handle these materials. Products such as detergents that claim to dissolve grease may pass the grease cause problems elsewhere

> pe and dry-wipe pots, pans and dishes d dispose of materials in the trash.

ease after it has cooled into a empty jar or coffee can. Once the fied, and the container is full, secure

catch food items, then empty the

alk to your neighbors and friends about se in the sewer system and how to keep ighborhood residents know the risks of down sink drains and what they should

re information or if you y questions, contact the t's FOG Coordinator at 530-546-4212





-What is F.O.G. ?

Fats, oils and grease (FOG) are natural by-products of the cooking and food preparation process. FOG materials do not mix with water (they are insoluble) and have a tendency to separate from a liquid solution.

Common sources of FOG include:

food scraps cooking oils baked goods

dairy products shortening

butter peanut butter

Fats, oil and arease build up in sewe





The Fats, Oils and Grease (FOG) Program is designed to reduce the number of sewer pipe blockages and related overflows by educating commercial and residential customers about the proper disposal of fats, oils and grease.

Why is it important to me?

Grease in warm wastewater may not appear harmful, but as the liquid cools, the arease congeals and causes buildup in the interior of the nines accumulating into a hardened mass.

Over time, layers of arease accumulate and restrict the wastewater flow that may cause a sewer to back up into the

Raw sewage overflowing into parks and streets, and even into homes and yards, requires an extensive, expensive and unpleasant cleanup

If you see a sewer overflow call the North Tahoe Public Utility District IMMEDIATELY! 530-546-4212 24-hours a day

Why is it important to our environment?

Sewer overflows can threaten the cause damage to home interiors and



may cause health hazards through potential contact with disease-causing organisms.

Why is it important to my pocketbook?

The buildup of orease requires pines to be cleaned more frequently which may require the replacement of pipes sooner than expected.

neighborhoods that

experience sewer blockages due to fats, oils and arease is expensive and can contribute to the amount that customers pay for sewer

.

Public Utility District's Board of Directors adopted Ordinance #343 to establish uniform maintenance and monitoring requirements for

What is the

District doing

to reduce fats,

oils and grease

throughout the system?

In January 2005, the North Tahoe

controlling the discharge of grease from food service facilities.

In 2006 the District began a bi-annual inspection program of all food service facilities coupled with an outreach program for both commercial and residential customers.



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Remember the Fats, Oils and Grease Program Key Elements

Purpose: Prevent Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs), control maintenance costs and extend the sewer system's life span

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